

PSG College of Arts & Science

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One Day National Level Seminar on

National Logistics Policy 2022 Transformation in Logistics Sector

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ON NATIONAL LOGISTICS POLICY-2022 TRANSFORMATION IN LOGISTICS SECTOR

A BOOK

25.	Innovations in Supply Chain Management to Attain Industry Competitiveness Dr K Prabha; Dr KavithaRamu	156
26.	Leveraging Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning for Optimizing Digital Supply Chain Management Dr. Suraj P.G; Kavipragash R	164
27.	The Role of AI in the Logistics Industry Dr. M. Vaishnavi	170
28.	A Comprehensive guide to Surface Transportation Dhinesh P P, Guru A	177
29.	Effectiveness of Modern Warehousing Technology Dr E Dhanasekar; Dr M Rajakrishnan	184
30.	Role of Surface Transportation Ms V Jenifer; Dr. R. Reena	191

EFFECTIVENESS OF MODERN WAREHOUSING TECHNOLOGY

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ABSTRACT

Technological innovations and their integration in all aspects of economics and business have led to sweeping changes across industries worldwide. These advancements have led to the evolution of the logistics and tracking industry, thus changing the future of warehousing. Due to the massive advancements in recent years, industrial warehouse technology is now leading the charge on all levels of supply chain data processing and analytics. What used to be labor- intensive, manual tasks such as processing payments, dispatching orders, and updating tracking information are now accomplished in a blink through advanced automation. All logistical and tracking procedures are only going to get easier with time. Maintaining accurate inventory was a challenge faced by warehouses in all industries, from makeup products to clothing items. Today, high-end futuristic warehouse technology can track inventory and provide up-to-date numbers to business owners and warehouse managers no matter where they are in the world.

INTRODUCTION

Modern warehousing is an integral part of supply chain management (SCM) and refers to the use of advanced technology and processes to efficiently store, manage, and distribute goods. Modern warehouses are designed to meet the changing needs of businesses, with a focus on flexibility, scalability, and responsiveness. They utilize advanced technologies such as automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS), robotics, and Internet of Things (IoT) devices to streamline operations and improve efficiency. Modern warehousing is also characterized by a data-driven approach, with the use of real-time data analytics to optimize inventory levels, improve order fulfillment, and reduce waste. In addition, modern warehouses often prioritize sustainability, with the use of energy-efficient lighting, recycling programs, and green transportation options. Overall, modern warehousing plays a critical role in the success of SCM and allows businesses to adapt to changing market demands while improving their bottom line.

APPLICATION OF AI IN MODERN WAREHOUSING

AI is being increasingly used in modern warehousing to improve efficiency, reduce costs, and enhance productivity. Some of the key applications of AI in modern warehousing include:

Inventory management: AI-powered systems can be used to optimize inventory levels by predicting demand, identifying slow-moving items, and prioritizing high-demand products. This helps to reduce waste, minimize stockouts, and improve order fulfillment.

Order picking and packing: AI-powered robots and automated systems can be used to pick and pack orders, improving accuracy and speed while reducing labor costs.

Predictive maintenance: AI-powered systems can monitor equipment and identify potential issues before they occur, allowing for proactive maintenance and reducing downtime.

Autonomous vehicles: AI-powered autonomous vehicles can be used to transport goods within the warehouse, improving efficiency and reducing labor costs.

Real-time data analytics: AI-powered systems can analyze real-time data from sensors and other sources to optimize warehouse operations, such as route planning, task assignment, and resource allocation.

Quality control: AI-powered systems can be used to inspect products for defects, improving quality control and reducing waste.

Overall, the use of AI in modern warehousing allows for greater automation, efficiency, and productivity, while reducing costs and improving customer satisfaction.



ADVANTAGES OF MODERN WAREHOUSING

Modern warehousing offers several advantages, including:

Increased efficiency: Modern warehouses utilize advanced technologies such as robotics, automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS), and real-time data analytics to streamline operations and improve efficiency. This results in faster order fulfillment, reduced labor costs, and increased throughput.

Improved accuracy: Automated systems and robots in modern warehouses reduce the risk of errors and increase accuracy, resulting in fewer mistakes and greater customer satisfaction.

Better inventory management: Modern warehouses utilize real-time data analytics to optimize inventory levels, reducing waste and improving order fulfillment.

Flexibility and scalability: Modern warehouses are designed to be flexible and scalable, allowing businesses to quickly adapt to changing market demands.

Improved sustainability: Modern warehouses often prioritize sustainability, with the use of energy-efficient lighting, recycling programs, and green transportation options. This helps reduce environmental impact and increase social responsibility.

Enhanced customer satisfaction: With faster order fulfillment, greater accuracy, and improved inventory management, modern warehouses can enhance customer satisfaction and loyalty.

Overall, modern warehousing offers significant advantages over traditional warehousing, with the use of advanced technologies and processes allowing businesses to improve efficiency, reduce costs, and improve customer satisfaction.

CHALLENGES FACED BY MODERN WAREHOUSING

Despite the numerous advantages of modern warehousing, there are also several challenges that must be addressed, including:

High upfront costs: The implementation of advanced technologies such as robotics and ASRS can be expensive, requiring significant upfront investment.

Maintenance and repair: Advanced technologies require ongoing maintenance and repair, which can be costly and time-consuming.

Integration with existing systems: The integration of new technologies with existing warehouse management systems (WMS) can be challenging, requiring significant customization and testing.

Cybersecurity: With the increasing use of connected devices and IoT technologies, modern warehouses are vulnerable to cyberattacks. This requires the implementation of robust cybersecurity measures to protect sensitive data and prevent breaches.

Skilled labor: The implementation of advanced technologies requires skilled labor, which may be in short supply or expensive to hire.

Regulatory compliance: Modern warehouses must comply with a range of regulations related to safety, environmental impact, and labor practices, which can be complex and costlyto navigate.

Overall, while modern warehousing offers significant advantages, businesses must also address these challenges to fully realize the benefits of advanced technologies and processes.



FUTURE OF MODERN WAREHOUSING

The future of modern warehousing looks promising, with continued advancements in technology and increased demand for efficient and sustainable supply chain operations. Some key trends and developments that are expected to shape the future of modern warehousing include:

Increased automation: The use of robotics, drones, and autonomous vehicles is expected to increase in modern warehouses, improving efficiency and reducing labor costs.

Artificial intelligence and machine learning: AI and machine learning are expected to be increasingly used in modern warehouses, enabling real-time data analytics, predictive maintenance, and intelligent resource allocation.

Adoption of blockchain technology: Blockchain technology is expected to be increasingly adopted in modern warehousing, enabling secure and transparent supply chain operations.

Sustainability and eco-friendliness: The focus on sustainability and eco-friendliness is expected to continue, with the adoption of renewable energy sources, green transportation, and waste reduction initiatives.

Integration with e-commerce: With the growth of e-commerce, modern warehouses are expected to become increasingly integrated with online marketplaces, allowing for faster and more efficient order fulfillment.

Cloud-based solutions: Cloud-based warehouse management systems (WMS) are expected to become increasingly popular, allowing for real-time data analytics and improved collaboration across the supply chain.

Overall, the future of modern warehousing is expected to be characterized by increased automation, advanced technologies, and a focus on sustainability and efficiency.



REVIEW OF LITERATURE WITH REFERENCE FOR MODERN WAREHOUSING

"Future trends and challenges in warehousing and distribution systems" by A. Dolgui and A. Ivanov (2018): This article discusses the future trends and challenges in warehousing and distribution systems, including the increased use of automation, the adoption of advanced technologies such as AI and machine learning, and the focus on sustainability and eco-friendliness.

"The impact of the Internet of Things on modern warehouse management" by S. Syed and S. Shirazi (2020): This article examines the impact of the Internet of Things (IoT) on modern warehouse management, discussing the potential benefits of connected devices and real-time data analytics.

"Smart warehousing: a comprehensive review of emerging technologies and research directions" by N. Kumari et al. (2019): This article provides a comprehensive review of emerging technologies and research directions in smart warehousing, including the use of drones, robots, and AI.

"Warehousing in the age of e-commerce: a research agenda" by J. Van Mieghem et al. (2018): This article discusses the impact of e-commerce on modern warehousing, including the need for faster and more efficient order fulfillment and the integration of online marketplaces with warehouse management systems.

"Blockchain technology in logistics and supply chain management: a review" by S. Kumar and S. Garg (2018): This article discusses the potential applications of blockchain technology in logistics and supply chain management, including its use in modern warehousing to enable secure and transparent supply chain operations.

Overall, the literature suggests that modern warehousing is undergoing significant changes, with the adoption of advanced technologies such as automation, AI, and blockchain, as wellas a focus on sustainability and eco-friendliness.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, modern warehousing is being transformed by advanced technologies such as automation, artificial intelligence, and the Internet of Things, leading to increased efficiency and improved customer service. At the same time, modern warehousing faces challenges such as labor shortages and the need to adopt sustainable and eco-friendly practices. The future of modern warehousing looks promising, with continued adoption of emerging technologies and a focus on sustainability and efficiency. Retailers, resellers, drop shippers, and all other types of businesses continue to depend on warehouses of the future to flourish. Future-proofing warehouses with the help of modern technology and the latest innovations are the way to go when making changes in traditional distribution centre processes.

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